THE

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, *December* 2, 1746.

NAMUR, Auguſt 28, N. S.

ON the 16th inſtant there happened a ſmart ſkirmiſh between Boneff and Ramillies, where a French corps of about 6000 men was poſted: they were vigorouſly attacked by Trip's corps, Frangipani's regiment, ſome of Ligne and Stirum's dragoons, and the regiment of Betlem. Theſe latter were at firſt repulſed, with the loſs of ſome men, and of 5 pieces of cannon; but the attack being renewed, the cannon were retaken, and a great ſlaughter made of the enemy. Five hundred horſes and 250 priſoners fell into our hands, with 12 officers, amongſt which is a Brigadier and a lieut. colonel. The prince of Monaco, who was wounded at the battle of Dettingen, and ſeveral other officers of rank, and a great number of private men, are ſaid to have been killed upon the ſpot; moſt of the Genſdarmes were killed or taken.

Florence, Auguſt 13. The Sardinian galleys are arrived at Leghorn, where there are ſeven Engliſh men of war, who have brought in there fourteen Neapolitan and Genoeſe prizes; It is believed that all theſe ſhips will ſhortly ſail for Final, to attack that place.

Milan, Auguſt 19. All the Spaniſh recruits that were marching to Italy have received orders to halt, and all the ſhips deſigned for the army in that country are detained in the ports of Spain, particularly thoſe which were to carry money; ſo that the war, in reſpect to Spain, ſeems to be finiſhed in Italy.

Augsburg, Auguſt 23. There were found in Placentia, when it ſurrender'd, 91 pieces of heavy cannon, 32 mortars, 40,000 bombs charged, 300,000 cannon bullets, 14000 tents, 12000 fuzils, 6000 pair of piſtols, 8000 ſabres, 3000 pieces of cloth, 20,000 ſacks of corn, &c. The two brave Auſtrian generals, Palavicini and Serbelloni, are dead of their wounds.

Bruſſels, Sept. 1. *Extract of a Letter from Breda, Auguſt* 21, O. S.

"A freſh corps of Auſtrians are marching for Italy, part of which are already in the Mantuan. The deſign certainly is to invade Eaſt France, with as much expedition as is poſſible.

Prince Charles's army is got between count Saxe and Paris. Our army is now better provided for than before. The duchy of Luxemburg, of Limburg, &c. furniſhes them; and the ſcheme really ſeems to be to invade France on this ſide. You will hear clamour enough from France againſt count Saxe upon this head. He has let our army ſlip him, as uſed to be our way, and our alarm, whilſt the rebels were coming ſouth.

A third invaſion into France on the Weſt ſide; for example, by Anſon, up the river of Bourdeaux, would complete their troubles: We owe it them for their invaſion here; it is *Dux Tetonis*, and revenge is ſweet. The ban, and arrear-ban, would be called upon in this caſe, as in the year 1674; when the Dutch invaded ſome of their iſlands on that ſide."

Vienna, Auguſt 29. The Sardinian miniſter has juſt receiv'd a courier from Italy, which, it is ſaid, has brought news, that the garriſon of Tortona, conſiſting of 1400 men, have ſurrendered themſelves priſoners of war.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, dated Auguſt 30.

"The talk ſtill continues here that a peace is going to be concluded, but nobody pretends to ſay when. The French, Britiſh, and Dutch miniſters, who are to begin the congreſs for a pacification, creep to the place appointed for aſſembling as ſlow as Tortoiſes, which plainly ſhews, that the powers whoſe deputies they are, know beforehand the difficulties they are likely to meet with, in ſettling preliminaries. The opening of the congreſs will be made with the ſame ceremonies, and very much reſemble the ſinging a Te Deum; a great noiſe within doors amongſt the miniſters plenipotentiary, and a much greater without made by cannon and ſmall arms, which will not ceaſe, 'til the principal articles, which are to ſerve as the baſis of a peace, be agreed upon; that is to ſay, that the courts of Vienna and London will never conſent to an armiſtice, 'til they have ſecurity that they ſhall not be trifled with by the French court.

Since the arrival of the earl of Sandwich at this place, he has had ſeveral conferences with the principal members of the republic, in relation to the commiſſion with which he is charged; wherein, 'tis ſaid, he intimated to them, That notwithſtanding the earneſt deſire which the king his maſter had of ſeeing the public tranquility reſtored, his majeſty was nevertheleſs under ſtrong apprehenſions, that the obſtacles which would be thrown in the way to it by France, would hinder the concluſion thereof: That there was no neceſſity to precipitate matters; but that it would be better to wait 'til an anſwer was received from Lisbon, to ſome diſpatches which had been ſent thither of the laſt importance, and to ſee how the new king of Spain was diſpoſed in relation to the affairs of Italy: That the court of Great-Britain was already in great meaſure aſſured, that his Catholic majeſty had pacific views, and that therefore there was great room to hope that this prince might be brought to conclude a ſeparate peace, as ſoon as he ſhould ſee the propoſitions which would be made to him, and perceive the advantages which would reſult from a peace, &c. the commerce of Spain and America.

Mantua, September 7. N. S. This morning [illegible] ſtein is arrived here from the army, in his way to [illegible] the agreeable news of the ſurrender of the city of [illegible] cretion. All the conditions the ſenate [illegible] majeſty were, To preſerve the liberties of the [illegible] troops ſhould be ſent into the town. That [illegible] theſe demands, they would engage to [illegible] hands all the fortreſſes belonging to the [illegible] up every thing elſe which ſhould be demanded. In caſe the empreſs deſired the city to be delivered [illegible] was ready to ſubmit thereto. [illegible] city gates will be ſecured by way of [illegible] having abandoned the poſts of St. [illegible] zines of all ſorts were found there.

Paris, Sept. 9. The ſituation that affairs [illegible] in ſince the battle of Culloden, leaving [illegible] no hopes of ſucceſs, he at length determined [illegible] Capt. Dumont, commander of a privateer, a [illegible]

T

…ime upon the East Shore of Scotland, where he took P——ce Edward on board, and sailed for Flanders; where he arrived, after having escaped several English men of war and privateers, which gave chase to him. He also brought over several Scotch and Irish lords, who serv'd in this expedition. The excessive fatigues which P——ce Edward underwent, have occasioned a very bad state of health, but he is somwhat better than he was upon his landing. As soon as advice was brought of his coming on shore at Blackenbourg, a courier was sent to Rome with advice of it.

LONDON.

August 21. Yesterday there was Advice from Plymouth, that a French Privateer of 20 Guns and 144 Men, is brought into that Port by the Portland's Prize, Inverness, and Dispatch Sloop. She was taken the 15th Instant off Ushant.

The same Day there was an Account, that a French Ship, bound from Nantz to the coast of Guinea, is taken by the Shoreham Man of War, Capt. Osborne, and carried into Lisbon. She mounts 22 Guns, and is richly laden.

Yesterday about eleven o'clock, Lord Lovat was taken from the Tower, and carried to the New Goal, Southwark, under a strong Guard, in order to have a Bill of Indictment preferred against him.

August 20. The Court Martial on board the Prince of Orange sat yesterday, and began the Examination of the Witnesses in Defence of Admiral Matthews.

Admiralty-Office, August 21. His Majesty's Ships the Portland's Prize, Inverness, and Dispatch Sloop, being on a Cruize, on Friday the 14th Instant, the Lizard bearing N. by W. 11 Leagues, the Inverness gave Chace to a Ship in the N. W. which in 8 Hours Chace she came up with, and found her to be a French Privateer; and after 10 or 12 Broadsides she struck, and proved to be the La François, Capt. Jean Sebire, of 22 Guns, 160 Men, 8 Days from St. Malo's, and had taken nothing. The Inverness has brought her into Plymouth.

August 18. There is an Account by the Ships from East-India, that Commodore Barnet lay before Ponticherry with 4 Men of War, &c. in such Manner that it was impossible for any Ships to go in or out.

The India Ships bring an Account that Commodore Barnet's Squadron has taken the following Ships, *viz.* the L'Amiable Maria, at St. Jago; The Mahomet, Charles, from Manilla, taken by Capt. Moor in the Streights of Molacco; the La Rose, from Surat; the Duplex, from Bosseuren, and two Pinkes Sloops from Bengal, all taken by the Lord Northesk, off Point Palmiras; the Cardanagore, from Judah, taken by Capt. Rodewell, in the Lively Man of War; the Cæsar from Ponticherry, and the Resolution, a Privateer of 80 Men and 14 Guns, with a Packet from France, taken off Molacco, by the Medway Man of War; and a small Sloop from Pontocherry, taken by Lord Thomas Bertie.

…the Siege of the Allies over the Castle, Namur, the … Dutch Barrier, is not entirely exposed to the … the Allies, if they think proper, may live … Garrisons, while the Siege of it is carrying on, … they have had in their Power during all the … Netherlands.

… down the Mercury, Hargrave, for …

… It is said, that there is a Plan formed … the King of Sardinia and Pr. Charles … Forces of France.

… from Houghly in Bengal, of the 28th of … Pyrates) had been out, … That the Beginning of February they … and afterwards sold their Prizes to the English; and that they were five Ships and one Sh… strong.

August 21. When the Earl of Sandwich went to pay … Duty at Leicester House upon his going abroad, his Roy… Highness told him, that he had a particular Friend to r… commend to him in his Embassy. The noble Lord assured … R. H. of the particular Respect he should pay to his Co… mands. Upon which his R. H. after having professed a gre… Affection for his Friend, was pleased to make him known … the Name of CAPE-BRETON,

On Saturday last the Right Hon. the Lord Chief Justi… Willes sat at St. Margaret's Hill, Southwark, and the Gra… Jury found Bills against the following Persons (after which t… Clerk of the Crown informed them that they stood indicted … High Treason, and that Copies of their Indictments shall … delivered to them in due Time, that they might be prepared … make their Defence) viz.

1. Sir John Wedderburn, Collector of Excise for the Pr… tender, and Voluntier in Ogilvie's Regiment. 2. Sir Jo… Kinloch, Lieut. Col. in Ogilvie's second Battalion. 3. Ale… ander Kinloch, Captain in Ditto. 4. Charles Kinloch, Ca… tain in Ditto. 5. Nicholas Glasgoe, Major in Ditto. He w… the Person that raised the Battery at the Hazard sloop (Capta… Hill Commander) and took her. 6. Roderick Mackenzi… Lieutenant in the Earl of Cromartie's Regiment. 7. Thom… Watson, Ensign in Ogilvie's Regiment. 8. James Rattra… Major in the Duke of Athol's Regiment. 9. Andrew Hoo… Captain in Roy Stewart's Regiment. 10 Allan Camer… (Brother to Jenny Cameron) Captain in Lochiel's Regime… 11. Collin Mackenzie, Captain in Cromartie's Regimen… 12. Francis Farquharson, Colonel of his own Regiment. … John Farquharson, Captain in Ditto. 14. Henry Kerr, C… and Aid de Camp to the Pretender. 15. Alexander Ma… lauchlin, Major in Tullibardine's Regiment. 16. James Bra… shaw, Captain in the Manchester Regiment, late a Warehou… Man in London. 17. James Stewart, Major in the Duke … Perth's Regiment. It is said he was stewart to the Duke … Perth. 81. James Lindsay, a Life-guard Man in Lord Pitsligo… Troop. 19. Hector Mackenzie, Ensign in Cromartie's R… giment. 20. Roderick Maculloch, Captain in Ditto.

Bills of Indictment for High Treason were also found agai… John Mackenzie, called Lord Macleod, son of the Earl … Cromartie, and Mr. Murray, but they were not brought … the Bar.

Then the Court adjourned till Tuesday the second … September.

August 30. All our Advices from the North are full of E… miums on the Order, Decency, and Regularity of t… Proceedings in order to the Trials of the Rebel Prisoners, w… have all the Opportunities imaginable given them for their D… fence, and are treated in every Respect with Candour, Ge… tleness and Humanity, which have been the constant Ch… Asteristicks of the present Government. The Populace ind… (as may well be expected) are a little warm and clamorous … gainst them, remembering the Injuries done them last Winte… but all the Care is taken to prevent their expressing their R… sentments otherwise than by Words, in which they … very free.

Newcastle Aug. 30. On Saturday last Field Marshal Earl … Stair passed thro' Carlisle on his Way to Scotland. He was … luted by the cannon from the castle, and the Soldiers perform… the other military Honours due to Persons of his Distinct…

On Thursday last passed Shields Bar, three East-India Sh… for London, having come North about.

September 4. The Maryland Merchant, Jennings, fr… Maryland, is safely arrived in the River.

The Trafford, Goad, from Maryland, is arrived at Liverpool.

The Court-Martial ſat again Yeſterday, on Sir John Cope's Affair, at the Horſe-Guards.

September 4. An authentick liſt of the Priſoners taken from the army of the three crowns, is publiſh'd at Milan, with the neceſſary extracts and certificates to verify the fact contained therein. The whole number of which amount to 25,311.

Sept. 13. A Perſon at Paris to his Friend in Holland writes, that a Stranger was arrived at Court with ſome important Dispatches, which occaſion'd a great Alarm; and that Expreſſes had been diſpatched to all their Sea-ports, and Places bordering on the Coaſt.

September 16. There are private Letters by the Holland Mail which mention, that the new King of Spain had given Orders, that no Privateer ſhould preſume to proceed to Sea for ſix Months under ſevere Penalties, and that thoſe which are out at Sea do immediately return home; which News we wiſh ſoon to have confirm'd.

The Merchants from the Proſpect of a Peace with *Spain*, have ſent great Quantities of Goods to Portugal, to be ready for the Spaniſh Trade, ſo ſoon as that ſhall be permitted, and ſtill greater Quantities are now preparing for that Purpoſe.

We hear that Orders are given to his Majeſty's Ships of War, and to all Privateers, not to take or moleſt any Spaniſh Ships.

BOSTON:

October 19. We are informed by a young Gentleman, who came from Lebanon in the Colony of Connecticut laſt Friday, that a very extraordinary Occurrance happen'd there on Tueſday the 14th Inſtant in the Day Time, viz. A Piece of Land which lay towards the Bottom of a Hill; ſuppos'd to meaſure four or five ſquare Rods, with a Number of Trees ſtanding thereon, was by a ſudden and violent Exploſion, attended with a loud Noiſe, as of an Earthquake, thrown up and carried in a whole Body ſeveral Rods over a Brook, which it entirely paſs'd, lodging upon a level Spot of Ground at the Foot of a Hill, on the other Side of the Brook which it left running: The Trees are yet ſtanding, with all their Roots, even the ſmalleſt Parts, in the Body of the Plat of Earth thus remov'd; which in the middle is 4 or 5 Feet in Depth, and gradually ſhelving to the Edge of the Surface: The Trees continuing firmly fix'd in the Ground, 'tis concluded they will yet live and grow. A large Stone, of about 400 Pounds weight, which before lay cloſe in the Earth, and the Top of it juſt to be diſcern'd, was forc'd out, ſo that it now lies looſe upon the Surface. The Bottom of the Cavity occaſion'd hereby conſiſts of a blewiſh gravelly Earth, and without Water. Two Lads that were near ſaw the Motion of the Land and Trees, and ſay they ſaw a thick Vapour riſe at the ſame Time. The Land was in the Property of Mr. James Calkins [illegible] about a Quarter of a Mile Eaſtward of the Rev. Mr. William's Meeting-Houſe.——Tho' the Noiſe was great, we don't hear of any Shaking in any Part of the Town.——Our Informant ſays he weighed [illegible] meaſur'd it, and ſuppoſes the Body of Earth remov'd would make 150 Cart-Loads; and alſo that he meaſur'd one of the Trees thereon, and found it to be [illegible] round, and that ſome of the others he thinks to be about the ſame bigneſs.

We have two Inſtances [illegible] the like Nature, which happen'd in this Country, A.D. 1670. One at [illegible], the other [illegible].

ANNAPOLIS:

[illegible] laſt Month, [illegible] Negroes, who ſaid they belonged [illegible] *Pedro* (Commander of a *Spaniſh* Privateer), but [illegible] ſuppoſed to be the Property of ſome Perſons in *Penſylvania*, came into *Sinepuxent* Inlet [illegible] ſmall Row-Boat, having with them one Sheep alive; they had no Arms but an old broken Scythe, fix'd into a wooden Handle. A Sloop, with two Men on board, lying in the ſame Place, the Negroes immediately boarded her; whereupon one of the two (who was in the Cabin), hearing a Noiſe, came upon Deck, and aſked what they wanted? They aſked him if he was an Artiſt? he anſwered, No: On which, without further Queſtions, they ſplit his Head in two Places with the Scythe, and having otherwiſe mangled him, tumbled him headlong into the Hold, where he preſently after expired: The other Man, who was picking a Fowl in the Forecaſtle, came then up to the Negroes, and aſked what was the Matter? They anſwer'd him in good *Engliſh*, that if he was not eaſy, they would ſerve him the ſame Sauce; and having wounded him in the Cheek with the Scythe, they took Poſſeſſion of the Sloop, and ſet Sail; but running aground, and not able to get her off, they rifled her, changed Boats, and left her: The next Morning the wounded Man, who was ſtill on board with his dead Companion, made a Signal, and was ſoon aſſiſted by People who came off from the Shore; and having related the Diſaſter which had befallen him and his Companion, the High Sheriff of *Worceſter* County immediately raiſed the Poſſe, and cloſely purſued the Negroes, who after a very narrow Eſcape, got over into *Virginia*; but timely Notice of the Affair having been diſpatch'd thither, they were as diligently purſued. Between *Sewipuxent* and *Chingoteague*, the ſaid Negroes took a *North-Carolina* Veſſel, bound to *Philadelphia*, laden with Potatoes; and having plundered her let her go. Entering into *Chingoteague*, they took a Sloop belonging to Capt. *Taylor*, with his only Son, and three of his Negroes, on board, all whom they ſeiz'd, and took Poſſeſſion of the Veſſel. During their Poſſeſſion of this Sloop, they boarded a *New-England* Veſſel, and took two Hands out of her: But the Wind being Eaſtwardly, they could not get out, 'til the Weather became more calm; when the Pyrate Negroes propoſed going out to Sea: One of the *New-England* Men, and a Negro of Capt. *Taylor*'s, ſeemingly approv'd of the Deſign; and repreſenting to the five Negroes that they were in want of a good Quantity of freſh Water for ſuch an Enterprize, themſelves were deputed to go on ſhore in the Boat and fetch it. Being got ſafe aſhore, they alarmed the Country; and ſome Periaugers were quickly man'd, and furniſh'd with Arms and Ammunition, and ſoon came up with the Pirates; who ſeem'd determined to make a deſperate Defence: But their Ammunition being ſpent, and one of their Companions being ſhot through the Cheek they all five threw themſelves over board, endeavouring to eſcape by ſwimming; but three of them were taken up by the Periaugers, and another, tho' he gain'd the Shore, was ſoon overtaken and ſecured; what became of the one wounded is uncertain, tho it is generally believ'd he was drowned. The four which were taken are now in *Accomack* Goal, in *Virginia*, in order to take their Tryals for the ſaid Murder and Pyracies.

[illegible] Galley, [illegible] Master, [illegible] Tun, *Entered*,
Sloop Virgin, Stephen Hicks, from Rhode-Iſland;
Schooner Iſle of Sables Galley, John Colloin, from Boſton;
Schooner two Brothers, Joſeph Homan, from Boſton;
Schooner Mary, Nicholas Woodbury, from Boſton;
Sloop Batchellor, William Roſe, from Virginia.

Cleared for Departure.

Ship Falcon, Thomas Spencer, for Biddeford.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALMANACKS for the Year of our Lord 1747, to be Sold by the Printer hereof. 10

To the Jesuits established in Maryland, and Pennsylvania;

Learned Sirs,

IMagining myself principally concern'd in the applauded answer to my Protest against Popery, that has been handed about by some of you in these parts, I have used all means in my power to procure one; in order for which, I applied to the gentleman on whom it is fathered, but he having in a very handsome manner disown'd it, I presume I may be excused, for making this my public request, that some one of you would vouchsafe to transmit me one of the Books, that I may rejoin to any sophistical fallacies, or sarcastical falshoods (those usual tropes of *St.* Omer) that I hear this smart performance (as your Friends call it) abounds with; assuring you, that any assertions of mine, that truly demonstrates it to be erroneous, shall readily be recanted. Your compliance with my request, will confer a great favour on,

Learned Gentlemen,

Your humble servant,

Bohemia, Sept. 15. 1746.

H. Jones.

RUN away from the Subscribers, in *Fairfax* County, *Virginia*, a Convict Servant Man, named *William Duncanson*, aged about 22 Years, is about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, with a remarkable Scar in his Forehead; had on when he went away a Blue Jacket, and a Strip'd Ditto. He took with him a Convict Servant Woman, named *Jane Williams*, aged about 25 Years, middle-siz'd; had on when she went away a Strip'd Stuff Gown, pretty much wore, and other Apparel unknown. Whoever apprehends the said Servants, and brings them home, shall have two Pistoles, besides what the Law allows, paid by

Hugh Wallace,
Hugh West.

RUN away from *Sassafras* River, on the 9th of *Nov.* a lusty Negro Man, named *Prince*, about 25 Years old, full-faced, and pitted with the Small-Pox, and speaks *English*: He had on when he went away, a home-spun Kersey Jacket, a blue Waistcoat under it, an Oznabrigs shirt (or Frock) and Trowsers, new shoes, and old Yarn Stockings: He pretends to have a Certificate for his Freedom, which it is supposed he had from one of the Sailors on board the Vessel he run from.

Whoever takes up the said Negro, and brings him to the Printer at *Annapolis*, or to the Subcriber at *Sassafras*, shall have four Pistoles Reward, and necessary Charges, paid by

Samuel Allyne.

N. B. It is probable he is in *Baltimore*, or some other part of the Western-Shore, as he went away in a Canoe.

November, 1746.

NOtice is hereby given, that *Robert Sutcliffe* of *London*, Merchant, being come over, in Order to settle his af- this Province, and to discharge all the just Demands on to come and

Thomas, Esq; Robert Sut

To be SOLD, by Public Vendue,

AT the late Dwelling-House of Mr. *Edward Rumney*, in *Annapolis*, on Wednesday the 3d of this Instant next a choice Parcel of Houshold Goods, several white Servant Smiths, and Variety of Smiths Tools. Also two Potters, and several Horses, lately belonging to the said *Edward Rumney*. The Sale will begin at 11 o' Clock in the Forenoon, and continue 'til all be Sold.

Samuel Howard,
John Howard.

THE Subscriber being provided with a good Tanner, fr *Kendall* in *England*, who professes Tanning and mak Sole Leather, as good as in *England*; and having the Tan-Y with all other Conveniencies, which formerly belonged to *Richard Tootell* in *Annapolis*, gives this public Notice to all P sons having any Hides to sell, or to be tann'd, that they m have the usual Prices given, or their Leather done at reasona Rates; the Sole Leather delivered in twelve, and the Up Leather in nine Months, from the Time the said Hides are into the Tan-Yard. And for the better carrying on that fineſs, there will be a sufficient Currier provided in that T by

Robert Sw

N. B. Any Persons may have Skins dress'd in the H

ALL Persons who have open Accounts with the S scriber, of a Year's standing, or more, are desired to off their respective Ballances; which will prevent Trouble Expence to themselves, and oblige *Their humble Servant.*

William Reynol

N. B. Very good Chocolate, Coffee, Raisins, &c. to Sold by said *Reynolds*, at his House in *Annapolis*.

Likewise very good Window-Glass, 6 Inches by 4.

STRAYED from the Subscriber, near *South* River Chur in *Anne-Arundel* County, in *September*, 1746, a Bl Gelding, about fourteen Hands high, near five Years o branded on the Side of the near Buttock with R T, wh join at the bottom, the T leaning much forward; he ha small Star on his Forehead, one white Foot behind, suppose be the near Foot, the White not so high as the Fet-lock Joi except on the Inside; he has a Notch on the under Side of right Ear, and paces middlingly.

Whoever brings the said Gelding to the Subscriber, or forms where he is so as he may be had again, shall have Th ty Shillings Reward.

Joseph Bickert

TO be Sold by the Subscriber, living near Mr. *Ig tius Diggs's*, in *Prince George's* County, on the 8th D of *December* ensuing, a parcel of very valuable Slaves, M Women and Children; also Horses, Catt Sheep, &c. Bills of Exchange, or Paper Money.

Stephen L

ALL Persons indebted to Mrs. *Rachel Bailey* of *Baltim* County, Widow, either by Bill, Bond, Note of Ha or Book-debt, are hereby requested immediately to pay t same, or give good Security; otherwise they may depend to dealt with as the Law directs. The Subscriber is appointed the said Widow *Bailey* to Act for her; and may be met with any Time at his House near *Patapsco* Ferry.

C s Croxal

Just *in the* Pet

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can d hereof.

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